No	o. Da	ate Logged	Target of Grievance (Mewah's Subsidiaries or Independent Suppliers)	In Mewah's Supply Base	Stakeholder	Issue Under Review	To-date action taken by Mewah	Status
1		08-Jan-20	NPC Resources	Yes, indirect supply from IOI's Malaysia-based subsidiaries.	Mighty Earth (RRR# 23)	Deforestation and/or peat development of 1,047 ha at PT Sumber Alam Selaras concession during the period of Sept-Nov 2019.	1.) In Jan – Dec'2019, Mewah sourced CPKO indirectly from NPC Resources from IOI Edible Oils (Sandakan). 2.) Mewah immediately reached out IOI to seek for clarification on the alleged deforestation at PT Sumber Alam Selaras (PT SAS). 3.) Reference is made to IOI's response on 20th Jan 2020: a.) Due to the forest fires happened in Sept' 2019 in Indonesia, it destroyed over 400 ha of their older planted palms inside PT SAS's concession, in addition to some of the conservation areas. b.) It was confirmed by Aidenvironment that, it was the fire that caused the land use change and not "deforestation". c.) According to PT SAS, the root cause of the fire took place in their concession is yet to be confirmed. It could be due to strong wind conditions which spread ash and amber inwards or possibly trespassers smoking and disposing cigarette butts indiscriminately. d.) Prior to dry season, PT SAS had conducted sharing session with the villages to prevent open burning used for land clearance, especially during extreme weather conditions. e.) NPC resources and PT SAS adopted a no open burning policy and commit to commence further intensive programs with the local authorities and villagers on fire preventions and firefighting. 4.) Having said that, the land use change is caused by fire spread from outside concession boundaries and is not land clearance for palm cultivation. It shall not be deemed as "deforestation". 5.) As at date of publication of this report @ 7 Feb 2020, no further evidence is presented to support this allegation. Hence, case closed.	Closed
2	. o	08-Jan-20	Borneo Pacific Group	Yes, supply from Golden Elate Palm Oil Mill, a Malaysia- based subsidiariy of Borneo Pacific Group.	Mighty Earth (RRR# 23)	Alleged deforestaion of 70ha at PT Arjuna Utama Sawit concession during Sept-Dec 2019.		Closed
3	. 0	06-Dec-19	Goodhope Holding	Yes, supply from Premium Vegetable Oils (Kernel Crushing Plant), a Malaysia- based subsidiarty of Goodhope.	Mighty Earth (RRR# 22)	Deforestation at PT Rim Capital, a subsidiary of Goodhope during the period 11th September - 2nd November 2019.	1.) In Jan – Jun'19, Mewah sourced CPKO directly from one of the subsidiaries under Goodhope in Peninsular Malaysia, namely Premium Vegetable Oils.  2.) Through our engagement with Goodhope since 6th Dec 2019, we understand that the supplier has taken the allegation seriously and verification process was carried out immediately after we reached out to them. The response from Goodhope is as follows:  a.) Map analysis confirmed that one of the land clearance areas (-2.661, 112.231) is located outside of the concession.  b.) The other location is within the concession area of PT RIM Capital. However, the company has no intention or plan to acquire the land for two reasons. Firstly, the land owners are not interested to reliquish the land. Secondly, the company is not going to develop these particular the lands due to peat soil. Goodhope has committed to NDPE policy since May 2017.  c.) PT RIM Capital has not conducted any land clearance since 2012. There is no plan for new plantings at PT RIM Capital.  3.) PT RIM Capital deployed a team together with village heads and community representatives from Benua Usang village and Tanjung Hanau village to conduct ground verification on Wednesday, 6th December 2019. Based on observations, the team found out that the alleged land clearing locations were areas burnt by landfires in September 2019 (see attachment Minutes of Field Verification Report).  4.) It is concluded that the alleged land clearing occurred as a result of landfires on community-owned areas on 20th September 2019. Goodhope has made and submitted a report to local authorities on the land fires that occurred in the vicinity of PT RIM Capital (see attachment Minutes of Fires Report). The report highlighted the chronology of fire incidents occurring on 20th September 2019. It clearly stated that the fires were not committed by the company. All fire incidents originated from burnt land or forests belong to local community that are located close to the area of PT. Rim Capital. The local authority acknowledged the	Closed

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4	09-Nov-19	Global Enterprise Sdn Bhd	Yes, indirect supply from IOI's Malaysia-based subsidiaries.	Mighty Earth (RRR# 21)	Deforestation and/or peat development at PT Bulungan Surya Mas Pratama - during Jan-Oct 19	1.) In Jan – Jun'19, Mewah sourced CPKO directly from IOI Edible Oils Sandakan (kernel crushing plant) to our refineries.  2.) We engaged with IOI to seek for clarification on the alleged deforestation. An internal investigation has been conducted through desktop analysis and ground truthing.  3.) Respond from our direct supplier, "Global has replied that this land clearance mentioned in Mighty Earth 21 is outside the concession boundaries of PT Bulungan Surya Mas Pratama and they are not involved with the clearance."  4.) As of the date of filing this grievance, we are still awaiting official statements/evidence from Global Enterprise as a proof to substantiate its statement.	Closed
5	10-Sep-19	Sime Darby Plantation Bhd	Yes, supply from Sime Darby's Malaysia-based subsidiaries	Mighty Earth (RRR# 19)	Deforetation at Derawan (SOU 33) concession in Sarawak during Feb - Aug 2019	1.) In Jan – Jun'19, Mewah sourced CPO and CPKO directly from Sime Darby palm oil mills and kernel crushing plant to our refineries.  2.) We engaged with Sime Darby immediately to seek for clarification on the alleged deforestation. An internal investigation has been conducted through desktop analysis and ground truthing.  3.) It is confirmed that the clearing activities does not locate within its concession boundary and is 100 meters away. The clearing activities are carried out by a local company for durian orchard and some oil palm plantation.  4.) No further evidence is presented to support this allegation.	Closed
6	09-Dec-19	Tradewinds Plantation Berhad	Yes, supply from Tradewinds' Malaysia-based subsidiaries.	Mighty Earth (RRR# 17)	CB Industrial Product Holding / Jhonlin Group - Deforestation at PT Kurun Sumber Rezeki during Feb - July 2019 (**Remarks: According to Mighty Earth RRR17, Tradewinds is linked to CBIP via J V companies namely Solar Green Sdn Bhd (where Tradewinds is reported to own 50% shares) and Kris Jati Sdn Bhd (where Tradewinds is reported to own 70% shares)	1.) In RRR17, it was reported that PT Kurun Sumber Rezeki is a joint-venture between PT Jhonlin Agro Mandiri, Jhonlin Group (80%) and CB Industrial Product Holding Bhd, CBIP Group (20%).  2.) CBIP was reportedly owns 2 JV with Tradewinds i.e., Solar Green Sdn Bhd and Kris Jati Sdn Bhd.  3.) In Jan-Jun'19, Mewah sourced CPO from three Tradewinds' palm oil mills located in Peninsular Malaysia and Sabah.  4.) The respond from Tradewind to Mewah on 2 Aug-19, confirming that, "Although CBIP holds 30% share in Kumpulan Kris Jati (KKJ), CBIP do not have management control over the operations of KKJ. At the same time, the company group that has management control of KKJ has no shareholdings in any of CBIP's oil palm operations under CBIP's management control. KKJ and CBIP does not share the same parent company, and therefore KKKJ is not part of the same group as CBIP."  5.) No further evidence is presented to substantiate the linkage between Tradewinds or Kumpulan Kris Jati with PT Kurun Sumber Rezeki. Hence, case closed.	Closed
7	12-Aug-19	Tradewinds Plantation Berhad	Yes, supply from Tradewinds' Malaysia-based subsidiaries.	Mighty Earth (RRR# 18)	Deforestation at Trans Kenyaland Sdn. Bhd. concession in Sarawak since Nov 2018 - July 2019	1.) In RRR18, it highlighted that Trans Kenyaland Sdn. Bhd. is a subsidiary (85%) of Amalan Penaga (M) Sdn. Bhd., which is wholly owned by Tradewinds Plantations Bhd. 2.) Trans Kenyaland Sdn. Bhd. is alleged for deforestation of 94 ha peat forest since Nov'18 to Jul'19 (GPS Coordinate: 1.361, 111.465). 3.) In Jan-Jun'19, Mewah sourced CPO from three Tradewinds' palm oil mills located in Peninsular Malaysia and Sabah. 4.) With reference to Tradewinds' response, based on a Land Use Change Analysis (LUCA), the alleged land clearance activities do not fall in Trans Kenyaland's boundary.	Closed

9	12-Apr-19	Genting Plantation Bhd	Yes, supply from Genting's Peninsular Malaysia-based subsidiaries.  Yes, supply from Kwantas's Sabah-based subsidiaries	Mighty Earth (RRR # 14 & 15)  Mighty Earth (RRR # 14)	Deforestation at PT Citra Sawit Cemerlang & PT Permata Sawit Mandiri concession in West Kalimantan since Jan'19 - May'19.  Deforestation at Kwantas Pelita Plantation (Balingan) 5dn Bhd concession in Sarawak in Feb-Mar'19.	3.) CPO produced in PT Citra Sawit Cemerlang (PT CSC) & PT Permata Sawit Mandiri (PT PSM) DO NOTTAKE PLACE in Mewah's supply chain.  4.) Mewah reached out to Genting Plantations on or around mid April 19. On 25th Apr'19, Genting Plantation issued an assurance statement that PT CSC is in compliance with the RSPO requirement of New Planting Procedures since it commenced plantation development in 2014.  5.) On 29 Apr'19, Genting further confirmed that the HCS assessment PT CSC is being finalized by Aidenvironment. HCS assessment report will be submitted for peer review once completed. Meanwhile, a stop work order on new land clearing has been put in place.  6.) According to Genting's letter dated 2 Jun 19 in respond to the allegations, - For PT CSM, "a stop work order on new land clearing have been put in place on 1st May 19" For PT PSM, "It has been disposed in 2017".  7.) Reference is made to Genting's letter dated on 6th Sept 19, the HCS report for PT CSC has beensubmitted for quality review by HCSA. Upon approval of this report then any further development on non-HCS will commence. Currently PT CSC is observing the Stop Work Order for any new development/land clearing.  8.) No further update from Genting Plantation since Sept'2019.  1.) In year 2018, Mewah sourced CPO from three Kwantas's palm oil mills, i.e., Haranky Palm Oil Mill, Mewah Palm Oil Mill and Pintasan Palm Oil Mill, that located in Sabah.  2.) Through email conversation between Mewah and Kwantas on 8th May 2019:  a) The land is located within the parameter of Kwantas Pelita Plantation (Balingan) Sdn Bhd (KPPSB) concession;  b) However, it has never been surrendered to KPPSB through their Native Customary Right (NCR) Land Acquisition project. KPPSB has cross checked this with their NCR record and verified on this matter;  c) As of yet, the land area belongs to two owners Akas Ak. Ngelambau and Beribun Ak. Baring;  d) KPPSB has never involved on the activities conducted on the land.  3.) As at date of publication @ 7 Feb 2020, there is no furthe	Ongoing verification/ monitoring.
10	11-Mar-19	Double Dynasty - Radiant Lagoon Sdn. Bhd.	Yes, indirect supply from Double Dynasty subsidiary - DD Palm Oil Mill, Sarawak through CPKO purchase from third-party supplier.	Mighty Earth (RRR# 13); Bruno Manser Fund	Land conflict and deforestation at Radian Lagoon Sdn. Bhd. concession in Sarawak in Dec 18 - Jan 19.	1.) In year 2018, Mewah received CPKO supply from Wilmar's Bintulu Edible Oils through Socship and Fimachem bulking installation.  2.) Reference to Wilmar's sustainability dashboard, DD Palm Oil Mill came into Mewah's supply chain throug palm kernel (PK) supplied to Wilmar's Bintulu Edible Oils.  3.) Mewah has immediately reached out to our direct contractual supplier for supply chain verification. The engagement with our direct supplier is still in progress.  4.) Prior to the publication of Mighty Earth Rapid Respond Report 13 in Mar 19, Wilmar has initiated engagement with DD Palm Oil Mill since Feb'19. The first meeting was conducted on 11 Mar 19, where Wilmar has sought clarification and documentation evidence of Radiant Lagoon's operation.  5.) Through an email dated 25 Mar 19, Wilmar is in the pipeline of investigating the allegation of "land conflict and deforestation at Radiant Lagoon" and confirming whether the moratorium of land clearing is in place. Meaanwhile, field visit/ supply chain verification assessment will be carried out by Wilmar's team from 25 Mar'19 onwards.  6.) A meeting was further held with DD POM on 29 April'19 to share the outcome from field visitation and expectation from Wilmar on DD POM in complying to the NDPE policy and reentry criteria. Wilmar has committed to support and provide guidance to DD POM in developing action plan in addressing the issues identified in the field visit.	Suspended

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							2.) On 30th Nov 2018, FGV has made a public statement in respect of the findings of the RSPO Complaints Panel (CP).	
							3.) On 4th Dec-2018, Mewah has reached out to FGV's Sustainabaility team. FGV has stressed its commitment to restore and rebuild best social practices in all FGV-owned plantations that includes:	
							a) To freeze all new recruitment of workers from external contractors across its operations, with immediate effect. b) To review employment policies on the benefits enjoyed by its plantation workers and will absorb the costs of basic necessities, including food supplies given to its workers. c) To review where necessary revising, all communication materials and training programmes for workers, especially with regard to their terms of employment, whistle-blower protection and health & safety procedures. d) To engage with a responsible independent third party to train its workers on its human rights policy. c) To adhere strictly on autional policies and all applicable standards on parity of employment for workers including remuneration and benefits in kind. f) To continue its commitment towards RSPO P&C certification.	
							4.) As at Jan-2019, we do not enforce ban/ exclusion for the CPO supply from Serting Palm Oil Mill. The decision was made judging at the fact where FGV is displaying very positive attitude to collaborate with RSPO to rectify its sustainability/operations deficiencies. FGV is showing good progress in achieving the expectation within the specific timeframe that set by RSPO Complaint Panel.	
							5.) As at Mar-2019, the chairman of RSPO Compliant Panel, Dato Henri Barlow has granted the request of three weeks extension of Action Plan by FGV from date 8 Mar 2019. In other words, FGV will submit its action plan to RSPO Complaint Panel by 29 Mar 2019.	
							6.) In terms of FGV's RSPO recertification plan, the recertification has been in progress since year 2017. FGV targets to recertify all its palm oil mills for RSPO P&C by year 2021. As of Mar-2019, FGV has its 27 palm oil mills recertified for RSPO.	
							7.) 24 Jun 19 – A petition submitted by Grant & Eisenhofer ESG Institute to the US Customs and Border Protection (CBP) on "forced labour & illegal child labor practice due to widespread evidence".	
							8.) 26 Jun 19 – FGV issued a statement in response to the Petition by ESG Institute to emphasize that all issues raised in the petition have been the subject of public discourse since 2015 and the Company has taken several steps to correct the situation.	
						<ol> <li>Suspension of RSPO P&amp;C certificate for Serting Palm Oil Mill on 28th Nov 2018,</li> </ol>	9.) 5 Aug 19 – RSPO lifted the suspension of RSPO certification of FGV's Serting Palm Oil Mill and 4 of its oil palm plantations.	
	1 28	3-Nov-18	Felda/ FGV	Yes, supply from FGV's	RSPO; Coalition of NGOs (Rainforest	due to allegation of the use of forced labour and poor-working conditions in FGV-owned plantations as well as unfair	10.) 15 Aug 19 – Three (3) US-based NGOs namely, International Labour Rights Forum (IRLF), Rainforest Action Network (RAN) and SumOfUs filed a formal complaint with the US Customs and Border Protection (CBP), to deny entry of FGV products made with forced labor.	Ongoing verification/
	.1 28	2-INOV-18	reida/ rov	Malaysia-based subsidiaries.	Action Network ("RAN"), International Labor Rights Forum, SumOfUs)	wages. 2.) Re-suspension of RSPO P&C	11.) 19 Aug 19 – FGV responded to the petition via a public statement. For more information, please visit: http://www.fgvholdings.com/fgvs-response-to-the-petition-by-a-coalition-of-ngos-submitted-to-the-united-states-customs-and-border-protection/	monitoring.
						certification for Serting Palm Oil Mill and all its uncertified units.	12.) 22 Aug 19 - Mewah engaged with FGV's team to further understand their progress:	
							a) Since the RSPO suspension came on December 2018, FGV has introduced a total 18 new initiatives at its worldwide plantation operations that aim to correct any potential wrongful recruitment procedures and labour practices.	
							b) The Company has been working hard to seek restoration to RSPO certification. It has undertook comprehensive assessment to identify gaps and to implement stringent recruitment guidelines and labour policies in its worldwide plantation operations.	
							c) At present, the Board of FGV has completely changed from the Board that was in place in 2015 as well as its Senior Management team. The new FGV Management Team has so far display decent cooperation and willingness to engage. Furthermore, the public should be able to observed that FGV has been showing consistent achievement its pre-set milestones and work in accordance to time-bound action plan. Hence, it is unfair.	
							d) Whilst the Company acknowledged some allegations filed in the petitions are true, most of the allegations have been corrected and verified by independent third-party includes the RSPO Complaint Panel.	
							13.) 13th Jan 2020, RSPO Complaint Panel re-suspended the Principles and Criteria (P&C) process for FGV's Serting Palm Oil Mill and all its uncertified units.	
							14.) On 21st Jan 2020, Mewah and FGV hosted engagement meeting at FGV's office. The objective is to address sustainability concerns and to assess potential sustainability risk level in FGV/Mewah supply chain. FGV had demonstrated all its action plans and activities that has so far put in plance to pursue the RE-suspension notice.	
							15.) As at 7 Feb 2020 - FGV is proactively engaging with RSPO Complaint Panel and is currently awaiting further respond from RSPO Complaint Panel. We take note that FGV must now demonstrate stronger commitment towards a higher transparency level in its supply chain.	
							16.) Mewah will assess the situation more closely and changes so as to constantly assessing potential sustainability risk level in FGV supply chain.	
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12	2. 24	I-Sep-18	Rimbunan Hijau/Jasa Tiasa	Rimbunan Hijau and Jasa Tiasa Greenpeace (Final Countdown clearance for	en Estate (EEE), Sarawak and	On-going monitoring/ Suspended
13	3 17	'-Aug-18	Goodhope Holding	Vegetable Oils (Kernel Crushing Plant), a Malaysia-	on, development withoout fall impact Assessment and smiph to proper FPIC process sistin PT Nabire Baru, in pua.  1.) RSPO has registered an official complaint against PT Nabire Baru in December 2016 after received the complaint from Yayasan PUSAKA. On 5th May 2017, Goodhope published in first sustainability policy, in the interim, the Company has taken initiative to progresively updates their sustainability policy implementation plan.  2.) In Apr 2018, Mewah received RSPO certified CPKO from Goodhope's Malaysia-based subsidiary, Premium Vegetable Oils Sdn. Bhd. Goodhope assured that PT Nabire Baru does take place in PVO's supply chain.	Closed
14	1.	4-Jul-18	BLD Plantation Bhd	Yes, indirect supply from BLD Plantation subsidiary - Kirana Palm Oil Refinery, Sarawak through CPKO purchase from third-party supplier.  Deforestation concession in 11)	1.) In July 2018, Mewah received CPKO supply from BLD Plantations - Kirana Palm Oil Refinery Sdn Bhd, Sarawak through Butterworth bulking installation.  2.) Mewah has immediately reached out to our direct contractual supplier for supply chain verification. The engagement with our direct supplier is still in progress.  3.) Mewah decided to temporarily stop sourcing from the supplier until and unless the company shows positive progress to resolve the ambiguity.  4.) As of May'19, BLD Plantations announce engagement plan with Earthworm Foundation and publicly announced commitment on a Sustainable Palm Oil Policy with NDPE complian	On-going verification/ monitoring/ Suspended
15	; 24	-May-18	Lembaga Tabung Haji	Yes, supply from Tabung Haji's Mighty Earth Prima (North Bhd plantat	1.) Mewah receives CPO supply from Tabung Haji's palm oil mills base in Peninsular Malaysia i.e., Bukit Lawiang Palm Oil Mill and Kota Bahagia Palm Oil Mill.  2.) Mewah has completed supply chain assessment to Bukit Lawiang Palm Oil Mill including, FFB traceability assessment, and social-environmental impact assessment. The outcome satisfactory.  3.) It is confirmed that CPO supplied from Tabung Haji has its FFB supplied from Malaysian-base plantations. The CPO originated from Tabung Haji's Indonesian mills do not take plant Mewah's supply chain.  4.) Through an email between Mewah and TH Plantations on 29th Mar 2019, TH Plantations has completely ceased all deveopment in PT Persada Kencana Prima (PT PKP) since mic 2018. No land clearing activities and no planting on the cleared land have been carried out since then.  5.) Any sign of land clearing in PT PKP are the work of IPK permit holders who continue logging actitivies at TH Plantations concession. There are few IPK concessionaires who were although the India of In	in  K Closed

						1.) Aideenvironemnt engaged with Mewah about Tee Family report on 12 April 2018. We had reached out to Senior Management of Prosper Group; to convey our concern and provide recommendation/action plan (that suggested by Aideenvironement).  2.) In year 2018, we received CPO from 8 Prosper's mills that base in Peninsular Malaysia. We completed supply chain verification program including FFB traceability and social-impact-assessment (SIA) at Prosper POM, Kosfarm POM, Wujud Wawasan POM, Sawira Makmur POM, Rompin POM, and Endau POM. The assessment outcomes were satisfactory.  3.) Prosper Group explained there is no direct linkage between Bewani PNG and Prosper Malaysia, stating that Bewani is an investment by its minority shareholder with no commercial links to the Group.  4.) The fact is established that the CPO/CPKO supplied from Prosper to Mewah are produced in Prosper's mills at Peninsular Malaysia. It is a forthright understanding that all Prosper's mills in Peninsular Malaysia have its FFB supplied from its own estates, dealers and smallholders that base in Peninsular Malaysia. In other words, CPO/CPKO originate from Prosper's Group in Papua New Guinea does not take place in Mewah's Supply chain.	
						5.) In Nov-2018, Mewah decided to stop sourcing PKO from Prosper due to the fact that the supplier has demostrated little sustainability progress. 6.) In Jan-2019, Mewah demanded a sustainability time-bound action plans. Since Jan-2019, Mewah has impose strict control and limit the purchase of palm prodcuts from Prosper. The business relationship between Mewah and Prosper will only be reviewed and resumed until and unless the all agreed action plans have been fulfilled.	
16	11-Apr-18	Tee's Family / Prosper Group	Yes, supply from Prosper's Malaysia-based subsidiaries.	Greenpeace; Chain Reaction	Tee Family Summary Report - Deforestation/ social exploitation in Bewani Oil Palm Plantation (PNG)	7.) In Feb-2019, Prosper wrote to inform that it has completed divestment of "Tee Family/ from Bewani Oil Palm Project Management. The letter assured Prosper Group of Companies are no longer be associated with any PNG company or project in this connection. Tee Family/Prosper was requested to provide more solid evidence to prove it has no link with Top Leap Holding Ltd.	On-going verification/ monitoring/ Partially- suspended
						9.) On 5th April 19 – Tee Kim Tee issued a letter to publicly acknowledge the non-compliant for its PNG oil palm plantation investment, admit consequences and commit to undertake liability.	
						10.) On 30th April 19, i. Prosper launched a Sustainability website http://www.prosper.com.my/Sustainability-Sustainability-Initiatives.html ii. Prosper released a bilingual Sustainabile Palm Oil Policy (which is later revised on 31 July 2019) iii. Prosper released a DNPP policy time-bound implementation plan iv. Prosper launched grievance procedure in its Sustainability dashboard	
						11.) On 12 June 19, Prosper has formally engaged with Earthworm Foundations (former TFT). With the engagement commitment, Earthworm will be supporting its NDPE policy implementation and developing a more tangible time-bound action plan.	
						12.) On 23 October 19 - We officially announced released trade suspension for Kosfarm Palm Oil Mill. This is in view of significant sustainability progress made by Prosper Group since April-19.	
						13.) Mewah commit to continue working closely with Prosper to progress in its sustainability journey.	
17	21-Mar-18	Samling Group- Glenealy Plantations	subsidiaries.	Greenpeace; ghty Earty (RRR# 17); ghty Earth (RRR# 24)	Borneo Plantations (PT TBP) in North Kalimantan, 2,867ha forest was cleared within concession between 2015 and 2017.  4.) Use of fire - apparent use of fire in	1.) Mewah get supply of CPO from Samling Group Malaysia-based subsidiaries - Timora Palm Oil Mill at Lahad Datu, Sabah.  2.) We have carried out supply chain verification exercise i.e., FFB traceability audit and social-impact-assessment (SIA) to Timora Palm Oil Mill. The outcome was satisfactory. The factory is running on tightship with firmness that is proven through proper traceability documentation filed.  3.) It is important to take note that Mewah only receive CPO from Timora Palm Oil mills that located at East Malaysia. We do not accept CPO from Samling Group/ Glenealy Plantation that origin from Indonesia or Sarawak Malaysia. Having said that, CPO originated from Sampling's Indonesia and Sarawak's concession do not take place in Mewah's supply chain.  4.) As of May 2018, Samling has issued a moratorium on land clearings in their Indonesia, Myanmar and Malaysia operations. In addition, Samling has divested from its PNG operations.  5.) On 2 April 2019, Mewah reached out to Samling Group to demand for clarification on deforestation allegation in Marudi & Batu Belah.  6.) Through an email between Mewah and Samling Group on 3rd May 2019, it is confirmed that there is no any oil palm plantation development in the identified area the report. The area and activities conducted are related to the Licensed Planted Forest (LPF) under Samling Group.  7.) A latest respond from Samling Group in Feb 2020 says that, Marudi LPF is a reforestation area and there will be no oil palm planted at this area. Samling Forestry's Unit is required to plant LPF with jungle trees as per the licence's condition which is aligned with the Sarawak State Government's pledged to plant 1 million hectare by 2025. Marudi LPF is certified under Malaysian Timber Certification Scheme (MTCS) and the operation is comply with Malaysian Criteria & Indicators of the MTCS.  8.) As at todate, Mewah has informed it suppliers that Samling should not be included in our supply chain until and unless these grievances are cleared/ resolved.	Closed/Ongoing Monitoring/ Suspended

						1.) It is pertinent to take notice that all FGV palm oil mills that make supply to Mewah are located in Peninsular Malaysia. We do not purchase any CPO or CPKO from FGV's subsidiaries	
					A. PT Citra Niaga Perkasa, Landak	in Indonesia since year 2014 when we first commenced CPO traceability exercise. Having said that, the CPO and CPKO produce in FGV's Indonesian-based palm oil mills have no place in	
					Regency, West Kalimantan Province,	Mewah's supply chain.	
					Indonesia		
					for USD 10.60 million.	2.) On 16 May 2017, Mewah has reached out to FGV on allegations of HCV clearance in their Indonesian subsidiary, PT TAA. Felda is appointing a third-party assessor to verify the allegations.	
					ii.) The Company is RSPO certified since	angauois.	
					year 2012.	3.) On 31 August 2017, FGV made public statement to restore more than 1,000 ha of peat forest in West Kalimantan after coming under pressure for its unsustainable deforestation.	
					iii.) Allegation on Deforestation &		
						4.) On 12 Jan 2018, FGV has updated on their "Kalimantan Peat Restoration Master Plan". FGV has enhanced their Sustainability Policy to reflect "No Peat" development for all new	
					alleged to clear a 240 hectares HCV forest on deep peatland that greater than 3	t planting irregardless of depth and when land was acquired. FGV has also committed to rehabilitating the peat lands that were previously cleared in PT TAA.	
			Yes, supply from FGV's	Mighty Earth;	metres (> 3m).	5.) FGV is engaging various stakeholders as part of preparing its action plan to address these issues. FGV will share their action plan with Mewah following which time-bound milestones	
18	11-Oct-17	Felda/ FGV	Malaysia-based subsidiaries.	Greenpeace	medes (> 5m).	Joint a engaging values attended as a part or preparing to action plan to ensure timely execution.	Closed/Ongoing Monitoring
			,		B. PT Temila Agro Abadi, District of		
					Landak and Village of Kuala Mandor,	6.) At the present time, Mewah set the record straight that we will not source any palm oil from FGV's Indonesian-base subsidiaries/plantations as a result of deforestation and peatland	
					West Kalimantan Province, Indonesia.	development.	
					<ul> <li>i.) FGV bought the Company in year 2013 for USD 4.2 million.</li> </ul>	7.) On 11th October 2019, Mighty Earth highlighted FGV's PT CNP in the Rapid Response Report 20.	
					ii.) The Company is RSPO certified since	7.) On Tith October 2015, wighty Earth ingringined rows F1 GVF in the Rapid Response Report 20.	
					year 2014.	8.) Reference is made to our email conversation with FGV on 21st Oct 2019, the alleged deforestation area belongs to the local community who did not give consent to FGV for land	
					iii.) Allegation on Deforestation &	development even though the land is within FGV's "Izin Lokasi" boundary.	
					Peatland development – the Company is		
						9.) It is understood that the land clearing activities started since Jun'19 for paddy planting purpose.	
					HCV forest and peatland.	10.) Both PT CNP and PT TAA operation in FGV Kalimantan involve only maintenance of road, drains and boundary trenches and water table.	
						20. Journal of the share the operation in the kammantan involve only maintenance or road, utalis and boundary trendies and water date.	